2011-12 College of Southern Idaho

Common Data Set for External Publication Surveys

Direct Questions to: Terry Woodland Phone: 208-732-6241 twoodland@csi.edu 4/30/2012

- A. General Information
- B. Enrollment and Persistence
- C. First-Time, First-Year Admission
- D. Transfer Admission
- E. Academic Offerings and Policies
- F. Student Life
- G. Annual Expenses
- H. Financial Aid
- I. Instructional Faculty and Class Size
- J. Degrees Conferred

A. General Information

A1 Address Information

AT	Address information	
A1	Name of College/University:	College of Southern Idaho
A1	Mailing Address:	PO Box 1238
A1	City/State/Zip/Country:	Twin Falls, ID 83303-1238
A1	Street Address (if different):	315 Falls Ave
A1	City/State/Zip/Country:	Twin Falls, ID 83301
A1	Main Phone Number:	208-733-9554
A1	WWW Home Page Address:	www.csi.edu
A1	Admissions Phone Number:	208-732-6795
A1	Admissions Toll-Free Phone Number:	800-680-0274 Idaho and Nevada
A1	Admissions Office Mailing Address:	PO Box 1238
	City/State/Zip/Country:	Twin Falls, ID 83303-1238
A1		
A1	Admissions Fax Number:	208-736-3014
A1	Admissions E-mail Address:	
A1	If there is a separate URL for your	
	school's online application, please	https://mycsi.csi.edu/ics/Apply_to_CSI_Online.jnz
	specify:	
	specify	I I
A1		
	If you have a mailing address other	
	than the above to which applications	
	should be sent, please provide:	
A2	Source of institutional control (Chec	k only one):
A2	Public	
A2	Private (nonprofit)	
A2	Proprietary	
A3	Classify your undergraduate institut	ion:
A3	Coeducational college	X
A3	Men's college	
A3	Women's college	
AJ	women's college	
• •	A a a damata waan a a lan dan	
A4	Academic year calendar:	1 I
A4	Semester	X
A4	Quarter	
A4	Trimester	
A4	4-1-4	
A4	Continuous	
A4	Differs by program (describe):	
A4	Other (describe):	
	-	-
A5	Degrees offered by your institution:	
A5	Certificate	
A5	Diploma	
	Associate	x
A5		^
A5	Transfer Associate	
A5	Terminal Associate	
A5	Bachelor's	
A5	Postbachelor's certificate	
A5	Master's	
A5	Post-master's certificate	
A5	Doctoral degree	
	research/scholarship	
A5	Doctoral degree –	
	professional practice	
<u>A5</u>	Doctoral degree other	
		i i ———

B1

B1 B1		Men	Women	Men	Women
B1 B1	Undergraduates Degree-seeking, first-time freshmen	447	558	241	264
B1					



B3 Number of degrees awarded from July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2011

- B3 Certificate/diploma
- **B3** Associate degrees

634

360

- B3 Bachelor's degreesB3 Postbachelor's certificates
- B3 Postbachelor's certifica
- B3 Master's degrees
- **B3** Post-Master's certificates
- B3 Doctoral degrees research/scholarship
- **B3** Doctoral degrees professional practice
- **B3** Doctoral degrees other

Graduation Rates

Fall 2005 Cohort

B4
B5
B6
B7
B8 Of the initial 2005 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years
B9
B10

B11 Six-year graduation rate for 2005 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6):

#DIV/0!

Fall 2004 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2004. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding Fall 2004.
 B4 Initial 2004 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students:

- **B5** Of the initial 2004 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:
- **B6** Final 2004 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (subtract question B5 from question B4)
- **B7** Of the initial 2004 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2008):
- **B8** Of the initial 2004 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2008 and by August 31, 2009):
- **B9** Of the initial 2004 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2009 and by August 31, 2010):
- B10 Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):
- **B11** Six-year graduation rate for 2004 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6):

0

0

#DIV/0!

For Two-Year Institutions

Please provide data for the 2008 cohort if available. If 2008 cohort data are not available, provide data for the 2007 cohort.

2008 Cohort

- B12 Initial 2008 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students: 949
- **B13** Of the initial 2008 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid

B15

B16		
B17		
B18		
		165
B19		138
B20 B21		
	2007 Cohort	
B12		919
B13		
B14		
B15		919 14
B16		21
B17		
B18		
D40		146 120
B19 B20		139
B 21		

B21

Retention Rates

B22

Applications

C1

C1 C1					
C1 C1					
C1 C1				447 241	
C1 C1				558 264	
C2					
C2 C2 C2 C2 C2 C2 C2 C2 C2 C2	Is your waiting list ranked?			Yes	No X
C2 C3 C3	Admission Requirements High school completion require		Х		
C3			~		
C3 C4					
C4 C4 C4			х		
C5	Distribution of high school unit	s required and/o	or recommended. Sp	ecify the distribut	ion of academic
C5		Units Required	Units Recommended		

C5 Total academic units

C5 English C5

C8A	Does your institution make use of SAT, ACT, or SAT Subject Test		
	scores in admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking	Х	
	applicants?		

C8A If yes, place check marks in the appropriate boxes below to reflect your institution's policies for use in admission for Fall 2013.

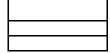
C8A		ADMISSION				
C8A		Require	Recommend	Require for Some	Consider if	Not Used
					Submitted	
C8A	SAT or ACT				Х	
C8A	ACT only			Х	Х	
C8A	SAT only				Х	
C8A	SAT and SAT Subject Tests or					
	ACT				Х	
C8A	SAT Subject Tests only				Х	

C8B If your institution will make use of the ACT in admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking applicants for Fall 2013, please indicate which ONE of the following applies: (regardless of whether the writing score will be used in the admissions process):

C8B ACT with Writing Component required

C8B ACT with Writing component recommended

C8B ACT with or without Writing component accepted



C8C Please indicate how your institution will use the SAT or ACT writing component; check all that apply:

C8C

C8C For admission

C8C For placement

C8C For advising

C8C In place of an application essay

C8C As a validity check on the application essayC8C No college policy as of now

C8C Not using essay component

SAT essay	ACT essay

C8D In addition, does your institution use applicants' test scores for academic advising?

C8D	Yes	No	
	Х		

C8E	Latest date by which SAT or ACT scores must be received for fall-	
	Latest date by which SAT Subject Test scores must be received for fall-term admission	N/A

C8F	If necessary, use this space to clarify your test policies (e.g., if tests are recommended for some students,
C8F	

C8G Please indicate which tests your institution uses for placement (e.g., state tests):

C8G	SAT		
C8G	ACT	Х	
C8G	SAT Subject Tests		
C8G			
C8G	CLEP		
C8G	Institutional Exam	COMPASS	
C8G	State Exam (specify):		

Freshman Profile

C9

C9 C9	Percent submitting SAT scores Percent submitting ACT scores			
C9 C9 C9 C9	SAT Critical Reading SAT Math SAT Writing SAT Essay ACT Composite	25th Percentile	75th Percentile	
C9 C9 C9 C9	ACT Math ACT English ACT Writing			
C9 C9		SAT Critical Reading	SAT Math	SAT Writing
C9 C9 C9 C9 C9 C9 C9	700-800 600-699 500-599 400-499 300-399 200-299 Totals should = 100%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C9 C9 C9 C9 C9 C9	30-36 24-29 18-23 12-17 6-11	ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math
C9 C10	Below 6 Totals should = 100%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

C10	
C10	
C10	Top half +
C10	

- C10 Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshmen) students who submitted high school class rank:
- **C11** Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school grade-point averages within each of the following ranges (using 4.0 scale). Report information only for those students from whom you collected high school GPA.

Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and 3.74	
Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49	
Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and 3.24	
Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99	
Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.49	
Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99	
Percent who had GPA below 1.0	
Totals should = 100%	0.00%
	Percent who had GPA of 3.75 and higher Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and 3.74 Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49 Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and 3.24 Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99 Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.49 Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99 Percent who had GPA below 1.0 Totals should = 100%

	Average high school GPA of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted GPA:	
-	Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted high school GPA:	

Admission Policies

C13 Application Fee

C13		Yes	No
C13	Does your institution have an application fee?		Х
C13	Amount of application fee:		
C13		Yes	No
C13	Can it be waived for applicants		
	with financial need?		

C13 If you have an application fee and an on-line application option,

C13	Same fee:	
	Free: Reduced:	

C13		Yes	No
C13	Can on-line application fee be		
	waived for applicants with financial need?		

C14 Application closing date

C14		Yes	No
C14	Does your institution have an		Y
	application closing date?		^
C14	Application closing date (fall):		
C14	Priority date:		

C15		Yes	No
C15	Are first-time, first-year students accepted for terms other than	Х	

C16 Notification to applicants of admission decision sent (fill in one only)

C16	On a rolling basis beginning (date): By (date): Other:		
C17 C17	Reply policy for admitted applicants (fill in one only) Must reply by (date): No set date: X Must reply by May 1 or within weeks if notified thereafter		
C17	Other:		
C17 C17 C17 C17 C17 C17	Spring 12/15 \$100 Yes, in full Yes, in part No		
C18	Deferred admission		
C18	Does your institution allow students to postpone enrollment after	Yes	No
010	admission?	Х	
C18	If yes, maximum period of postponement:		
C19	Early admission of high school students Does your institution allow high school students to enroll as full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students one year or more before high school graduation?	Yes X	No
C20	Common Application	(Initiated during 2006-2007	cycle)
_	Early Decision and Early Action Plans		
C21	Early Decision Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission	Yes	No
			х
	First or only early decision plan closing date		
	First or only early decision plan notification date Other early decision plan closing date		
C21	Other early decision plan notification date		
	For the Fall 2011 entering class: Number of early decision applications received by your institution		
	Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan		

C21 Number of applicants admitted under early decision planC21 Please provide significant details about your early decision plan:

C22 C22 C22	Early action			Yes	No
					Х
000					
C22	\ \	/es	No		
	Ĭ	162	INU		
C22					

D8

D9

D9 D9 D9 D9 D9	Fall Winter Spring Summer	Priority Date	Closing Date	Notification Date	Reply Date	Rolling Admission X X X
D10				Yes	No	
D10				х		
D11						
D12				D		
D13						

F1				
F1			First-time, first-year (freshman) students	Undergraduates
F1			Students	
F1 F1 F1			7% n/a n/a	3% n/a n/a
F1 F1 F1 F1	Percent who live off camp	us or commute	n/a n/a 18% 21 22	3% n/a 43% 24 27
F2 F2 F2 F2 F2 F2 F2 F2 F2 F2 F2 F2 F2 F	Campus Ministries Choral groups Concert band Dance Drama/theater International Student Organization Jazz band Literary magazine Marching band Model UN Music ensembles Musical theater Opera Pep band Radio station Student government Student newspaper Student-run film society Symphony orchestra Television station Yearbook	X X X X X X X		
F3 F3			At Cooperating Institution	
F3	Army ROTC is offered:			

- **F3** Naval ROTC is offered:
- **F3** Air Force ROTC is offered:

F4

- F4 Coed dorms
 F4 Men's dorms
 F4 Women's dorms
 F4 Apartments for married students
 F4 Apartments for single students
 X
 F4 Special housing for disabled students
- F4 Special housing for international students

G0

G2 G2	Minimum	Maximum
G2	12	15
G3 G3	Yes	No
G3		Х
G4	Yes	No
G4 G4		Х
G4	%	
G4		

G5

G5		Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)
G5	Books and supplies	\$990	\$990	\$990
G5	Room only			\$2,470
G5	Board only		\$1,674	\$2,422
G5	Room and board total (if your college cannot provide separate room and board figures for commuters not living at home):			
G5	Transportation	\$2,296	\$2,296	\$2,296
G5	Other expenses	\$2,152	\$2,152	\$2,152
G6 G6 G6	PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS: PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS			
•••	In-district:	\$110.00		
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS			
	In-state (out-of-district):	\$160.00		
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS			
	Out-of-state:	\$280.00		
G6				

H. FINANCIAL AID

Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

Enter total dollar amounts awarded to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, total degree-seeking undergraduates) in the following categories. (Note: If the data being reported are final figures for the 2010-2011 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2010-2011 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.) Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid columns. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for non-need-based scholarship or grant aid on the last page of the definitions section.)

H1		2011-2012 estimated	2010-2011 final
	Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for items H1, H2, H2A, and H6 below:		

H3 Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid?

H3	Federal methodology (FM)	
H3	Institutional methodology (IM)	
H3	Both FM and IM	

H1		Need-based \$ (Include non-need- based aid used to meet need.)	Non-need- based \$ (Exclude non-need- based aid used to meet need.)
H1	Scholarships/Grants		
H1	Federal		
H1	State (i.e., all states, not only the state in which your institution is located)		
H1	Institutional: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants, awarded by the college, excluding athletic aid and tuition waivers (which are reported below).		
H1	Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit) not awarded by the college		
H1	Total Scholarships/Grants	\$0	\$0
H1	Self-Help		
H1	Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)		
H1	Federal Work-Study		
H1	State and other (e.g., institutional) work-study/employment (Note:		
	Excludes Federal Work-Study captured above.)		
H1	Total Self-Help	\$0	\$0
H1	Other		
H1	Parent Loans		
H1	Tuition Waivers Reporting is optional. Report tuition waivers in this row if you choose to report them. Do not report tuition waivers elsewhere.		
H1	Athletic Awards		

H2		
H2	a) Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2011 cohort)	
H2	 Number of students in line a who applied for need- based financial aid 	
H2	 Number of students in line b who were determined to have financial need)
H2	 Number of students in line c who were awarded any financial aid 	
Н2	Number of students in line d who were awarded any	

H2 e) Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based scholarship or grant aid

First-time	
Full-time	
Freshmen	

Full-time Undergraduate (Incl. Fresh.) Less Than Full-time Undergraduate **H2A** Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

H2A		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh.)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
H2A	 Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits) 			
H2A	 Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and grant aid awarded to students in line n 			
H2A	 P) Number of students in line a who were awarded an institutional non-need-based athletic scholarship or grant 			
H2A	 q) Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic scholarships and grants awarded to students in line p 			

H3 Incorporated into H1 above.

Note: These are the graduates and loan types to include and exclude in order to fill out CDS H4, H4a, H5, and H5a.

Include: * 2011 undergraduate class who graduated between July 1, 2098 and June 30, 2011 who started at your institution as first- time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2010 and June 30, 2011. * only loans made to students who borrowed

while enrolled at your institution.

* co-signed loans.

Exclude: * those who transferred in. * money borrowed at other institutions.

	Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through any loan programs (institutional, state, Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized, private loans that were certified by your institution, etc.; exclude parent loans). Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.	
H4a	Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through federal loan programsFederal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and parent loans.	
	Report the average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed of those in line H4.	

H6			
H6			
H6			
H6			
-			
H6			
H6			
110			
H6			
110			
H7			
H7			
H7			
н7 Н7			
н7 Н7			
H7			

Process for First-Year/Freshman Students

H8			
H8			

H9 H9

н9 Н9

H9

H5a

H10 H10 H10	a)		Yes	No
H10 H10		Students notified on a rolling basis: If yes, starting date:		
H11 H11 H11				

Types of Aid Available Please check off all types of aid available to undergraduates at your institution:

H12

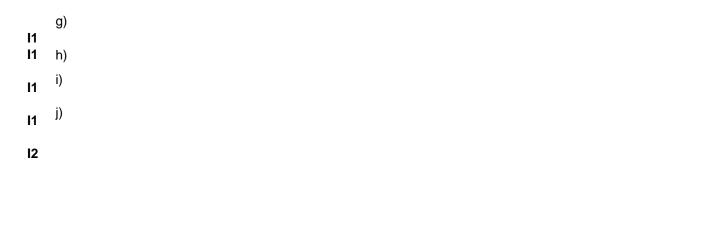
H15

If your institution has recently implemented any major financial aid policy, program, or initiative to make your institution more affordable to incoming students such as replacing loans with grants, or waiving costs for families below a certain income level please provide details below:

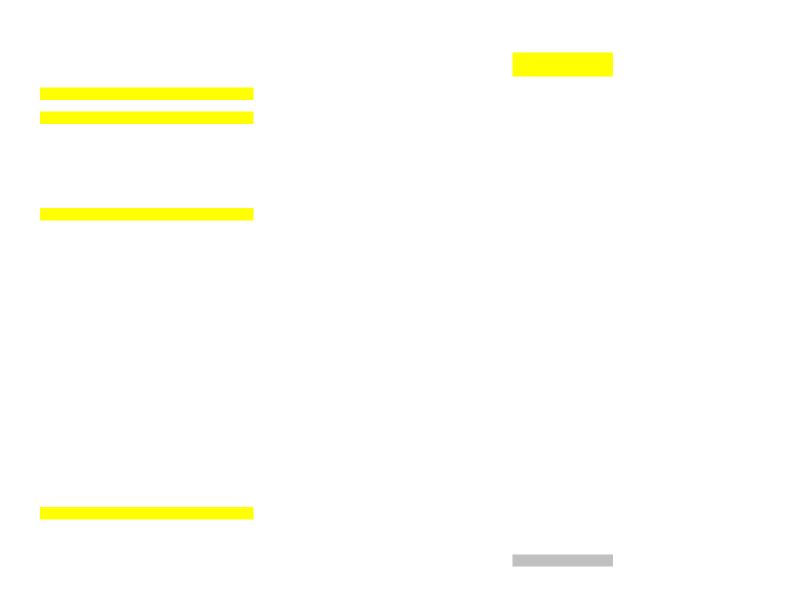
11

Full-time Exclude	Part-time Include only if they teach one or more non- clinical credit courses
Exclude	Include if they teach one or more non- clinical credit courses
Exclude	Include
Exclude	Exclude
Include	Exclude
Exclude	Exclude
Exclude	Include

I 1		Full-Time	Part-Time	Total
I 1	a)	170	213	383
11	b)	6	11	17



12	21	to 1	(based on	9085 students
			and	383



Common Data Set Definitions

All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.

Items preceded by an asterisk (*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.

*Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution. *Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska Native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition.

Applicant (first-time, first year): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

Application fee: That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

Asian or Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or Pacific Islands. This includes people from China, Japan, Korea, the Philippine Islands, American Samoa, India, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of fulltime equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa (except those of Hispanic origin).

Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

Books and supplies (costs): Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

Campus Ministry: Religious student organizations (denominational or nondenominational) devoted to fostering religious life on college campuses. May also refer to Campus Crusade for Christ, an interdenominational Christian organization.

*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Class rank: The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

College-preparatory program: Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

Common Application: The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

***Community service program:** Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

Commuter: A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Contact hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

Continuous basis (for program enrollment): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

Cooperative education program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

Cooperative housing: College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related W and p

Differs by program (calendar system): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Distance learning: An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

A Ph.D. or other doctor's degree that requires advanced work beyond the master's level, including the preparation and defense of a dissertation based on original research, or the planning and execution of an original project demonstrating substantial artistic or scholarly achievement. Some examples of this type of degree may include Ed.D., D.M.A., D.B.A., D.Sc., D.A., or D.M, and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

A doctor's degree that is conferred upon completion of a program providing the knowledge and skills for the recognition, credential, or license required for professional practice. The degree is awarded after a period of study such that the total time to the degree, including both preprofessional and professional preparation, equals at least six full-time equivalent academic years. Some of these degrees were formerly classified as first-professional and may include: Chiropractic (D.C. or D.C.M.); Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.); Law (L.L.B. or J.D.); Medicine (M.D.); Optometry (O.D.); Osteopathic Medicine (D.O); Pharmacy (Pharm.D.); Podiatry (D.P.M., Pod.D., D.P.); or, Veterinary Medicine (D.V.M.), and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

A doctor's degree that does not meet the definition of a doctor's degree - research/scholarship or a doctor's degree - professional practice.

Double major: Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

Dual enrollment: A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

Early action plan: An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

Early admission: A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native

First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

First-time, first-year (freshman) student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for

Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross registration.

Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of generally one or two full-time equivalent academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree. Some of these degrees, such as those in Theology (M.Div., M.H.L./Rav) that were formerly classified as "first-professional", may require

Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

***Religious counseling:** One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.

***Remedial services:** Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals

per week (or maximum meal plan).

Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

Study abroad: Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in

*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the